National Science Advisor y Boar d f or Biosecur it y

Report on the International Roundtable on Dual Use Life Sciences Research



NSABB Meeting April 19, 2007



International Roundtable

Co-sponsors

- World Health Organization
- **US Government**

Location

Bethesda, Maryland

Date

□ February 26-27, 2007



Countries of Participants

- Australia
- Argentina
- Bulgaria
- Georgia
- India
- Israel
- Morocco
- Netherlands

- People's Republic of China
- Poland
- Uganda
- United Kingdom
- United States
- Spain
- Switzerland

Participating Organizations

Intergovernmental Organizations

- World Health Organization
- World Organization for Animal Health (OIE)
- Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations (FAO)

Scientific Professional Associations

- International Union of Biochemistry and Molecular Biology (IUBMB)
- International Union of Microbiological Societies (IUMS)
- International Council for Life Sciences (ICLS)
- American Society for Microbiology (ASM)



Participant Perspectives

- Basic Science
- Medicine
- Ethics
- Scientific Association Officials
- Government Scientific Agency Officials
- Scientific Journal Editors
- National Research Councils





Fundamental Purpose

- Engage individuals from different countries
- Explore ideas and concepts about biosecurity and dual use research
- Identify common concerns and issues
- Foster communication and ongoing dialogue

Objectives

- Determine scope of other countries' activities, interests, and concerns pertaining to dual use life sciences research
- Inform individuals from other countries and professional societies about NSABB draft work products and obtain feedback
- Establish communication with individuals from other countries and the international community on dual use research issues
- Collaborate with other countries and the international community to establish a more robust understanding of dual use life sciences research issues and how to approach them



Agenda Overview

- Origins and Evolution of Concern Regarding Dual Use Life Sciences Research
- The Dual Use Dilemma and its Importance
- Recognizing Dual Use Potential when Advancing Global Health Research
- Balancing Public Health Priorities and National Security Concerns
- US Government Activities in Dual Use Life Sciences Research



Roundtable Sessions

- 1. The Dual Use Dilemma–What is it and Why Does it Matter?
 - Objective: Determine the scope of countries' interest and concerns regarding dual use life sciences research
- 2. Recognizing Dual Use Potential While Advancing Global Health Research
 - Objective: Determine the scope of countries' initiatives in dual use life sciences research



Roundtable Sessions, cont.

- 3. Balancing Public Health Priorities and National Security Concerns: Addressing the Dual Use Dilemma
 - Objective: Establish global communication on the dual use issue
- 4. US Initiatives in Dual Use Life Sciences Research
 - Objective: Obtain input on draft work products of the US NSABB



Consensus Points

- Maintain a productive scientific enterprise and minimize the potential for harm
- Provide guidance on dual use to the broader scientific community, defining the problem and the challenges
- Promote continued awareness of the dual use research issue
 - Build a layered, integrated, international web of prevention, protection, awareness and understanding



Consensus Points, cont.

- Strengthen and sustain a culture of responsibility and accountability

 Humans control science for good or ill
- Science is a powerful tool of good for society
 - Science and our understanding of biological processes are advancing very rapidly



Consensus Points, cont.

- Science is a global enterprise and becoming ever more so
 - Addressing the challenges of dual use science is therefore a global issue
 - Different approaches may be required in different regions/countries



Consensus Points, cont.

- There are a variety of ways to help in addressing dual use issues:
 - Define criteria for identifying dual-use research
 - Provide educational materials for scientists, students (of all ages), the public, government decision makers
 - Develop codes of conduct
 - Develop a "Hippocratic Oath" for scientists
 - Provide guidance for considering potential publication of scientific research
 - Provide oversight processes, including a framework for risk assessment and risk mitigation/management
 - Provide guidance for science funding agencies

Challenge

Prevent use of science for harm yet... Protect scientific discovery Preserve scientific creativity





Possible Next Steps

- Learn more about the needs of individual countries regarding dual use research issues
- Consider how best to engage/educate stakeholders
 - Academia
 - Industry
 - Government
 - Policy-makers
 - General public
 - Scientific/medical journal editors, publishers



Possible Next Steps, cont.

- Develop strategies for engaging potential collaborators
- Consider how to develop a communications network
- Continue to integrate International Working Group efforts and activities with the NSABB
- Consider strategies for ongoing international dialogue
- Consider drafting a White Paper for submission to a scientific journal



Possible Contents of a White Paper

- Define dual use problem and challenges
- Acknowledge previous and ongoing international discussions
- Describe the International Roundtable
 - Outline objectives and consensus points
- Describe basic "tool-kit" and the potential use of individual tools